Health Sector Economic IndicatorsSM

Insights from Monthly National Health Spending Data through November 2023

SPENDING BRIEF

January 31, 2024

Health spending has remained below 17.5% of GDP for nearly 2 years

HIGHLIGHTS

- ▲ In November 2023, national health spending grew by 5.9%, year over year, and represents 17.4% of GDP.
- Nominal GDP in November 2023 was 5.0% higher than in November 2022, and grew 0.9 percentage points slower than health spending.
- Personal health care spending growth in November was 7.3%, year over year, and continues to be dominated by growth in utilization rather than increases in prices.
- Year-over-year spending on home health care grew fastest in November at 12.9%, followed by prescription drug spending (12.2%), while spending on dental services and hospital care increased the least, at 5.8% and 5.9%, respectively, among major categories.

National Health Spending and GDP*

·	Nov 2021	Nov 2022	0ct 2023	Nov 2023
GDP	24.58	26.46	27.74	27.78
National Health Spending (HS)	4.42	4.57	4.82	4.84
HS Share of GDP	18.0%	17.3%	17.4%	17.4%
HS Share of PGDP	18.2%	17.4%	17.6%	17.5%
Growth from Prior 12 Months				
HS	0.2%	3.5%	6.0%	5.9%
GDP	12.2%	7.7%	5.5%	5.0%
HS minus GDP	-12.1%	-4.2%	0.5%	0.9%
HS minus PGDP	-8.0%	-4.9%	1.2%	1.1%

Source: Altarum monthly health spending estimates (see Methods box below). Monthly GDP is from IHS Markit. PGDP, defined as what GDP would be at full employment, is from the quarterly Congressional Budget Office estimates, converted to monthly by Altarum.

* Spending is in trillions of dollars at a seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR).

Altarum is a nonprofit research and consulting organization that creates and implements solutions to advance health among at-risk and disenfranchised populations. Since 2011, Altarum has researched cost growth trends and key drivers of U.S. health spending and formulated policy strategies to help bend the cost growth curve. This work was made possible through generous support from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation.

The Health Sector Economic IndicatorsSM reports are a monthly publication of Altarum and provide an analysis of health spending, employment, and prices. For more information, contact Corwin Rhyan at corwin.rhyan@altarum.org. George Miller, PhD (principal author), Corwin Rhyan, Stephen McCall, and Matt Daly, PhD, contributed to this brief. We thank Ani Turner for her years of leadership of this work. Media Contact: press@altarum.org. For more information, visit http://altarum.org/solution/health-sector-spending.



DISCUSSION

In November 2023, national health spending grew by 5.9%, year over year, reaching a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$4.84 trillion. Over the same period, GDP grew by 5.0%. Health spending in November accounted for 17.4% of GDP and has remained below 17.5% since January 2022.

In recent months, the year-over-year GDP growth rate and the growth rate in national health spending have averaged around 6% while the personal health care spending portion of health spending growth (spending on health care goods and services, excluding spending on program administration and the net cost of insurance, government public health activities, and investment) has been somewhat higher and stands at 7.3% in November (Exhibit 1).

Exhibit 1. Year-over-Year Growth in GDP and Health Spending

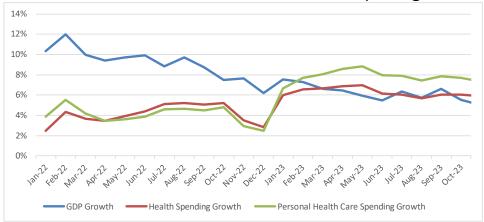


Exhibit 2 illustrates how health spending in November was distributed among spending categories. Personal health care constitutes 84% of national health spending, while half of total expenditures was attributed to hospital care and physician and clinical services. This spending mix has been very stable over time. (Values do not add to 100% due to rounding.)

Exhibit 2. Health Spending by Category, November 2023

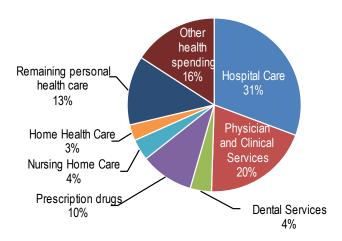


Exhibit 3 displays the growth in spending by major categories within personal health care over the past year. At 12.9%, home health care was the fastest-growing contributor to the 7.3% year-over-year growth in personal health care since November 2022, followed by prescription drugs, at 12.2%. Spending on dental services and hospital care grew the slowest, at 5.8% and 5.9%, respectively.



Exhibit 3. Health Care Spending 12-Month Growth

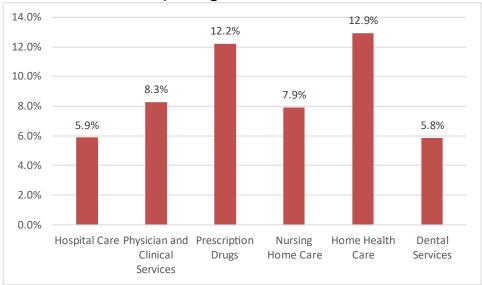
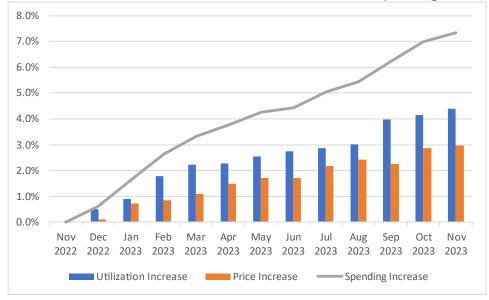


Exhibit 4 shows how spending on personal health care has grown over the past year (since November 2022) and illustrates the relative contribution of utilization and prices to this growth. It indicates that spending growth continues to be driven largely by utilization growth through November 2023: Of the 7.3% growth in personal health care spending during this period, 3.0 percentage points can be attributed to price growth, while the remaining 4.4 percentage point growth was associated with increases in utilization (discrepancy due to rounding).

Exhibit 4. Cumulative Growth in Personal Health Care Spending



All spending values shown in this brief include COVID-related subsidies from the federal government. With the exception of federal government support to public health activities, these subsidies have been very small since the start of 2022.



DETAILED HEALTH SPENDING

Exhibit 5. Monthly National Spending Estimates by Detailed Category

Levels (in billions of dollars)	Nov 2020	Nov 2021	Nov 2022	Nov 2023
GDP	\$21,899.8	\$24,582.4	\$26,463.0	\$27,779.8
National Health Spending	\$4,407.6	\$4,416.3	\$4,570.6	\$4,839.3
Personal health care	\$3,611.0	\$3,696.2	\$3,805.3	\$4,084.5
Hospital care	\$1,423.9	\$1,370.6	\$1,401.3	\$1,483.6
Physician and clinical services	\$863.6	\$896.3	\$897.8	\$972.0
Other professional services	\$121.6	\$141.1	\$144.5	\$153.2
Dental services	\$143.5	\$177.3	\$169.3	\$179.2
Other personal health care	\$214.7	\$233.7	\$252.2	\$260.4
Home health care	\$130.6	\$129.2	\$135.6	\$153.2
Nursing home care	\$199.7	\$187.7	\$197.2	\$212.8
Prescription Drugs	\$354.7	\$384.4	\$420.7	\$472.1
Durable medical equipment	\$59.5	\$65.7	\$68.5	\$71.6
Nondurable medical products	\$99.1	\$110.3	\$118.1	\$126.4
Program administration and net cost of private health insurance	\$344.7	\$305.7	\$347.0	\$369.0
Government public health activities	\$254.5	\$202.3	\$196.4	\$150.3
Research	\$61.0	\$62.8	\$66.1	\$69.6
Structures and equipment	\$136.4	\$149.4	\$155.9	\$166.0
HS Share of GDP	20.1%	18.0%	17.3%	17.4%
HS Share of PGDP	19.6%	18.2%	17.4%	17.5%
Source: Altarum monthly national health spending estimates. The monthly GDP Notes: Spending is expressed in billions of dollars at a SAAR.	is from IHS Markit.			

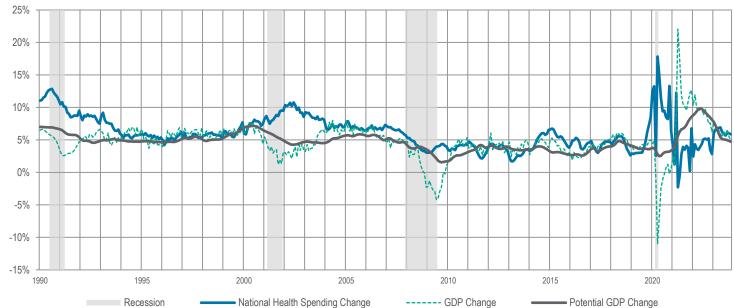
Exhibit 6. National Health Spending 12-Month Growth Rates by Detailed Category

Growth Rates	Nov 2021	Nov 2022	Nov 2023
GDP	12.2%	7.7%	5.0%
National Health Spending	0.2%	3.5%	5.9%
Personal health care	2.4%	3.0%	7.3%
Hospital care	-3.7%	2.2%	5.9%
Physician and clinical services	3.8%	0.2%	8.3%
Other professional services	16.0%	2.4%	6.0%
Dental services	23.6%	-4.5%	5.8%
Other personal health care	8.8%	7.9%	3.2%
Home health care	-1.1%	5.0%	12.9%
Nursing home care	-6.0%	5.1%	7.9%
Prescription Drugs	8.4%	9.4%	12.2%
Durable medical equipment	10.5%	4.3%	4.5%
Nondurable medical products	11.3%	7.1%	7.0%
Program administration and net cost of private health insurance	-11.3%	13.5%	6.3%
Government public health activities	-20.5%	-3.0%	-23.5%
Research	2.9%	5.3%	5.3%
Structures and equipment	9.5%	4.4%	6.5%
HS Minus GDP	-12.1%	-4.2%	0.9%
HS Minus PGDP	-8.0%	-4.9%	1.1%



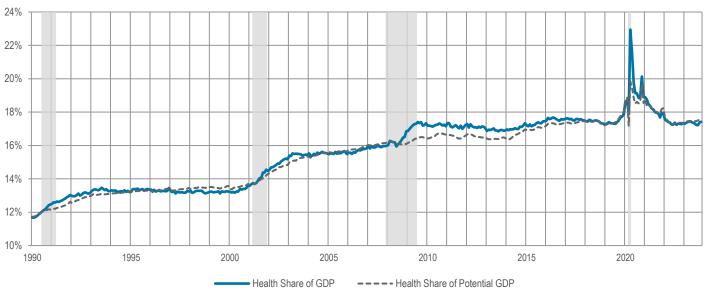
TIME SERIES TRACKER

Exhibit 7. Year-over-Year Percentage Change in Spending and GDP



Source: Altarum monthly national health spending estimates. The monthly GDP is from IHS Markit. Note: Lightly shaded bars denote recession periods.

Exhibit 8. Monthly Health Spending as a Percentage of Monthly GDP



Source: Altarum monthly national health spending estimates. Monthly GDP is from IHS Markit. PGDP is from the U.S. Congressional Budget Office and has been converted to monthly estimates. Note: Lightly shaded bars denote recession periods.

Methods. Altarum's estimates are based on <u>BEA monthly health spending</u> and <u>CMS annual NHE estimates (1990–2022) and projections</u> (2023). BEA spending categories are matched to NHEA components by using information presented in the <u>following</u>: Hartman, M. B., Kornfeld, R. J., & Catlin, A. C. (2010, September). A reconciliation of health care expenditures in the National Health Expenditures Accounts and in gross domestic product. Survey of Current Business, 90(9), 42–52. For all NHEA personal health care categories except "other health, residential, and personal care," monthly estimates are based on BEA spending adjusted to NHEA by using annual ratios. For the remaining categories, national health spending estimates and projections are allocated across months by using a simple trend. Annual ratio adjustments through 2022 are based on NHEA actuals and ensure that monthly estimates sum exactly to NHEA annual amounts. The 2022 ratios are used to adjust BEA spending for months in 2023.